IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON DIVISION

RANDY CHRISTMAS,

Defendant,

v.

CRIMINAL ACTION NO. 2:95-cr-00198-4

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff.

MEMORANDUM OPINION & ORDER

Pending before the court is the defendant's Motion to Make Additional Findings/Motion to Alter or Amend Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 52(b) and 59(e) [Docket 637]. This motion is DENIED.

The defendant, arguing that this court improperly recharacterized his April 19, 2010 purported Rule 60(d)(1) motion as a successive 28 U.S.C. § 2255 motion without notice, cites Castro v. United States, 540 U.S. 375 (2003). Castro held that a court cannot "recharacterize a pro se litigant's motion as the litigant's first § 2255 motion unless the court informs the litigant of its intent to recharacterize," warns the litigant of the consequences, and "provides the litigant with an opportunity to withdraw, or to amend, the filing." Id. at 377 (first emphasis added). These procedures are necessary because such recharacterization "will subject subsequent § 2255 motions to the law's 'second or successive' restrictions." Id.

The defendant has already filed three § 2255 motions [Docket 319, 341, and 495]. This court's characterization of his April 19, 2010 motion as a § 2255 motion does not expose subsequent motions to any restrictions that they were not already subject to. Castro did not otherwise limit courts' ability to recharacterize a pro se litigant's motions. See Castro, 540 U.S. at 382 ("We here address one aspect of this practice, . . . "). The defendant has failed to persuade the court that its recharacterization was unwarranted. Accordingly, the motion is **DENIED.**

The court **DIRECTS** the Clerk to send a copy of this Order to counsel of record and any unrepresented party.

ENTER:

May 18, 2010